

Oral Qualifying Exam Syllabus

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Committee (in alphabetical order): H. Iwaniec, S. Miller, J. Tunnell, C. Weibel

1. Automorphic Forms and Spectral Theory

- (a) The hyperbolic plane as a homogeneous space and the classification of motions
- (b) Fuchsian groups and fundamental domains
- (c) Congruence subgroups
- (d) The double coset decomposition; Kloosterman sums
- (e) Laplace and Maass operators
- (f) Automorphic forms- holomorphic and Maass;
Fourier expansions of automorphic forms
- (g) Eisenstein and Poincaré series (holomorphic and spectral)
- (h) Hilbert space of holomorphic cusp forms; $\mathcal{C}(\Gamma \backslash \mathbb{H}) = \mathcal{L}^2(\Gamma \backslash \mathbb{H}) \ominus \mathcal{E}(\Gamma \backslash \mathbb{H})$
- (i) Petersson's formula
- (j) The Riemann-Roch theorem and the dimension of the linear space of
holomorphic modular forms
- (k) Hecke operators; Atkin-Lehner theory
- (l) Automorphic L -functions - classical $GL(2)$ -theory
- (m) Automorphic Green function
- (n) Analytic continuation and functional equations for the Eisenstein series
- (o) The spectral theorem
- (p) Selberg's trace formula

2. Analytic Number Theory

- (a) Primes in arithmetic progressions-Dirichlet's theorem
- (b) The Riemann zeta function
- (c) Dirichlet L -functions
- (d) Counting zeros of L -functions
- (e) The zero-free region; Landau-Siegel theorem
- (f) Explicit formulas
- (g) Prime number theorem and PNT for arithmetic progressions
- (h) Bilinear forms and the large sieve inequalities
- (i) Bombieri-A.I. Vinogradov theorem

3. Algebraic Number Theory

- (a) Lattices and orders in number fields; discriminant of a lattice in a number field
- (b) Minkowski's lattice point theorem; Minkowski's bound; Hermite's theorem
- (c) Class group
- (d) Dirichlet's unit theorem
- (e) The different and ramification
- (f) Splitting of primes in Galois extensions

4. Elliptic Curves

- (a) Elliptic curves- group law and isogenies;
- (b) Elliptic functions and elliptic curves over \mathbb{C}
- (c) Elliptic curves over finite fields; Hasse's theorem
- (d) Hasse-Weil L -functions of elliptic curves