

# Syllabus

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## 1 Enumerative Combinatorics

### 1.1 Generating Functions

**Basics:** Formal power series, ordinary generating functions, Dirichlet series

**Exponential Formula:** exponential generating functions, fundamental theorem of exponential generating functions, Lagrange inversion

**Rational Generating Functions:** Rational power series, polynomials, quasi-polynomials

References: [Wil94], [Zei08], [Sta97]

### 1.2 Recurrences

**Linear Recurrences:** c-finite and p-finite, Homogeneous vs. Non-homogeneous, solving techniques

**Non-linear Recurrences:** Somos sequences, solving techniques, Laurent phenomenon

References: [GK82]

### 1.3 Partially Ordered Sets

**Basics:** Definition of poset, chain, antichain, graded/ranked posets, Hasse diagrams, union of posets, product of posets

**Lattices:** Meet and join, lattice definition, complemented lattice, distributive lattices, Birkhoff's representation theorem

**Other:** Incidence algebra, Möbius inversion, Inclusion-Exclusion

References: [Sta97]

### 1.4 Impartial Combinatorial Games

**Theory:** P/N-positions, Nim-Sum, misère play, games on graphs, Sprague-Grundy function, sums of combinatorial games

**Examples:** subtraction games, Nim, coin turning games, green hackenbush

References: [BCG01]

## 1.5 Experimental mathematics and applications

Maple programming, ansatzes

## 2 Graph Theory

**Basic graph theory:** basic graph definitions, trees, bipartite graphs, path and cycles

**Matching theory:** Hall/König and applications, Tutte's 1-factor theorem, Gallai and Millgram thm

**Planarity:** Euler's theorem, Kuratowski's theorem, Wagner's theorem

**Hamiltonicity:** Dirac's theorem, Ore's theorem, Bondy-Chvátal theorem, Hamiltonian cycles and degree sequences (Chvátal's theorem).

**Graph Algorithms:** Kruskal's, Dijkstra's, Max Flow-Min Cut (Ford-Fulkerson)

**Coloring:** Vertex coloring (Brook's thm), edge coloring (Vizing's thm), statement of weak/strong perfect graph theorem, edge list coloring

References: [Die05]

## 3 Hypergeometric Functions

**Definitions:** Basic definition of hypergeometric series for single variable and multivariable, definition in terms of differential equations for single variable.

**Summing:** Formulas for the sum of a hypergeometric function when  $x = 1$ . Explain using Euler integrals, combinatorics, and WZ theory.

**Other:** q-analogues, difference analogues, A-systems and connections with geometry.

**References:** [BCG01] Elwyn R. Berlekamp, John H. Conway, Richard K. Guy, *Winning Ways for Your Mathematical Plays*, A. K. Peters, 2001.

[Die05] Reinhard Diestel, *Graph Theory*, Springer-Verlag, Heidelberg, NY, 2005.

[GK82] Daniel H. Greene, Donald E. Knuth, *Mathematics for the Analysis of Algorithms*, Birkhauser, Boston, MA, 1982.

[Sta97] Richard P. Stanley, *Enumerative Combinatorics Volume I*, Cambridge University Press, 1997.

[Wil94] Herbert S. Wilf, *Generatingfunctionology*, Academic Press, Inc., 1994.

[Zei08] Doron Zeilberger, 'Enumerative and Algebraic Combinatorics,' in *Princeton Companion to Mathematics*, (ed.) Timothy Gowers, Princeton University Press, 2008.

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