

MATH 535 PROBLEM SET 6
DUE WEDNESDAY 10/25 IN CLASS

Try to solve all of the following problems. Write up at least 4 of them.

Problem 1. [Mostly Hartshorne I.6.3]

Give examples of varieties X and Y , a point $P \in X$, and a morphism $\varphi : X \setminus \{P\} \rightarrow Y$ such that φ can't be extended to a morphism on all of X in each of the cases:

- (a) X is a non-singular curve and Y is not projective.
- (b) X is a curve, P is a singular point on X , Y is projective.
- (c) X is non-singular of dimension at least two, Y is projective.

Problem 2. Let X and Y be curves and $\varphi : X \rightarrow Y$ a birational morphism.

- (a) X_{sing} is a proper closed subset of X .
- (b) $\varphi(X_{\text{sing}}) \subset Y_{\text{sing}}$.
- (c) If $y \in Y$ is a non-singular point, then $\varphi^{-1}(y)$ contains at most one point.

Problem 3. Two non-singular projective curves are isomorphic if and only if they have the same function field.

Problem 4. Let $E = V(y^2 - x^3 + x) \subset \mathbb{A}^2$. Show that if $P \in E$ is any point then $E \setminus \{P\}$ is affine.

Problem 5. [Hartshorne I.6.2]

Let $E = V(y^2 - x^3 + x) \subset \mathbb{A}^2$, $\text{char}(k) \neq 2$.

- (a) E is a non-singular curve.
- (b) The units in $k[E]$ are the non-zero elements of k . [Hints: Define an automorphism $\sigma : k[E] \rightarrow k[E]$ fixing x and sending y to $-y$. Then define a norm $N : k[E] \rightarrow k[x]$ by $N(a) = a\sigma(a)$. Show that $N(1) = 1$ and $N(ab) = N(a)N(b)$.]
- (c) $k[E]$ is not a unique factorization domain.
- (d) Show that E is not rational.

Problem 6. A morphism $f : X \rightarrow Y$ of varieties is called *affine* if for every open affine set $V \subset Y$ the inverse image $f^{-1}(V)$ is also affine. f is called *finite* if it is affine and $k[f^{-1}(V)]$ is a finitely generated $k[V]$ -module for all open affine $V \subset Y$.

Let $Y = \bigcup V_i$ be an open affine covering of Y such that $f^{-1}(V_i)$ is affine $\forall i$. Show that f is affine. If $k[f^{-1}(V_i)]$ is a finitely generated $k[V_i]$ -module for all i then f is finite.

Problem 7. Resolution of singularities for curves.

Let X be a curve with smooth locus $U = X - X_{\text{sing}}$. Prove that there exists a non-singular curve \tilde{X} with a finite morphism $\varphi : \tilde{X} \rightarrow X$ such that the restriction $\varphi : \varphi^{-1}(U) \rightarrow U$ is an isomorphism. (For resolution of singularities in higher dimension, one can only hope for a "proper" morphism φ .)

Problem 8. (a) Any unique factorization domain is integrally closed. In particular, any DVR is integrally closed.

(b) If R is an integrally closed domain and $S \subset R$ is any multiplicative subset, then the localization $S^{-1}R$ is integrally closed.

Problem 9. Let $K = k(t)$. Find all DVRs of K/k , i.e. all discrete valuation rings R such that $k \subset R \subset K$ and K is the field of fractions of R .