

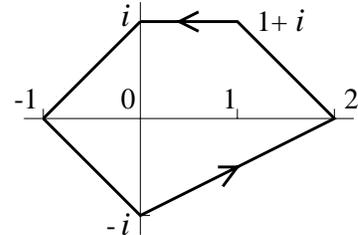
Name _____

You may use any theorem you like!

Suppose $f(z) = \frac{e^z}{z(z-3)^2}$.

Problem #1

Compute the integral $\int_{\alpha} f(z) dz$ where α is the closed curve shown: line segments from 2 to $1+i$ to i to -1 to $-i$ to 2.

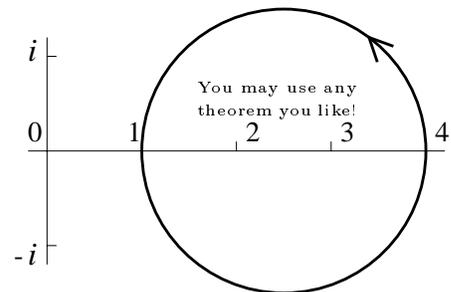


Answer _____

You may use any theorem you like!

Problem #2

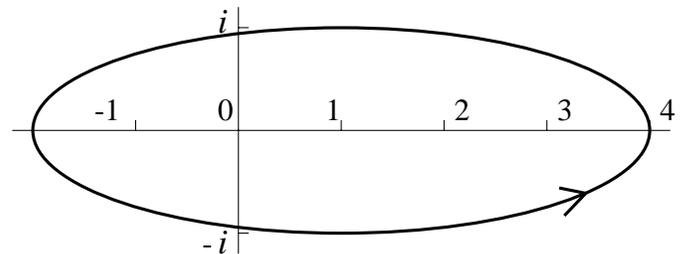
Compute the integral $\int_{\beta} f(z) dz$ where β is the closed curve shown: a circle of radius $\frac{3}{2}$ centered at $\frac{5}{2}$.



Answer _____

Problem #3

Compute the integral $\int_{\gamma} f(z) dz$ where γ is the closed curve shown: an ellipse centered at 1 with axes parallel to the coordinate axes, with vertical semiminor axis of length 1 and horizontal semimajor axis of length 2.



Answer _____

You may use any theorem you like!