

## Formulas for exam #3

### Fourier series

For  $f(x)$  defined in  $[-L, L]$ , the Fourier series of  $f(x)$  is  $\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos\left(\frac{\pi n x}{L}\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{\pi n x}{L}\right)$ .

### Fourier coefficients

$a_0 = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) dx$ ;  $a_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \cos\left(\frac{\pi n x}{L}\right) dx$  and  $b_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \sin\left(\frac{\pi n x}{L}\right) dx$  for  $n > 0$ .

### Parseval's formula

$$\frac{1}{2} a_0^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n^2 + b_n^2) = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x)^2 dx.$$

### The wave equation

Consider this initial/boundary value problem for the wave equation:

$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}, \text{ with } x \text{ in } [0, L]; y(0, t) = y(L, t) = 0; y(x, 0) = f(x); \frac{\partial y(x, 0)}{\partial t} = g(x).$$

### Initial displacement only

$$g(x) = 0; f(x) \text{ given: } y(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \cos\left(\frac{nc\pi t}{L}\right) \text{ with } c_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx.$$

### Initial velocity only

$$f(x) = 0; g(x) \text{ given: } y(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \sin\left(\frac{nc\pi t}{L}\right), \text{ with } c_n = \frac{2}{n\pi c} \int_0^L g(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx.$$

### D'Alembert solution

$$\text{On all of } \mathbb{R}, y(x, t) = \frac{1}{2} (f(x+ct) + f(x-ct)) + \frac{1}{2c} \int_{x-ct}^{x+ct} g(w) dw.$$

### The heat equation

$k$  is *diffusivity* and  $[0, L]$  represents a bar with insulated sides:  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = k \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ ;  $u(x, 0) = f(x)$ .

### Zero boundary conditions

$$u(0, t) = u(L, t) = 0; u(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) e^{-k\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}\right)^2 t}; c_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx \text{ for } n > 0.$$

### Insulated ends

$$\frac{\partial u(0, t)}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial u(L, t)}{\partial x} = 0; u(x, t) = \frac{c_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) e^{-k\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}\right)^2 t}; c_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx \text{ for } n \geq 0.$$