

**Problem statement** Let  $C_1$  be the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 16$  and  $C_2$  the circle  $(x-1)^2 + y^2 = 4$ , each oriented counterclockwise. Suppose  $P(x, y) = \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} + y$  and  $Q(x, y) = \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2} - x$ .

a) Verify that  $\frac{\partial Q}{\partial x}(x, y) - \frac{\partial P}{\partial y}(x, y) = -2$  for  $(x, y) \neq (0, 0)$ .

b) Explain why Green's Theorem cannot be used to calculate either  $\int_{C_1} (P dx + Q dy)$  or  $\int_{C_2} (P dx + Q dy)$ .

c) Use Green's Theorem to show that  $\int_{C_1} (P dx + Q dy) = \int_{C_2} (P dx + Q dy) - 24\pi$ .