Problem statement It is true that $Q(x) = x^5 + x^3 + x$ is a one-to-one function whose domain and range are all numbers.

a) Graph Q(x) on the interval $-2 \le x \le 2$.

b) Suppose that R is the function inverse to Q. There is no simple algebraic way to compute values of R. Compute R(3), R'(3) and R''(3).

Hint Q(R(x)) = x and R(Q(x)) = x. So find an input to Q which will "output" 3. Then differentiate one of the equations, maybe more than once.