Problem statement Suppose that f is the function defined by the formula

$$f(x) = \left(\arctan\left(\ln\left(\sqrt{x}-1\right)\right)\right)^3.$$

- a) What are the domain and range of f? Answers should not be numerical approximations, but should be written if needed in terms of traditional constants such as π and e.
- b) If y = f(x), write a formula for x in terms of y.