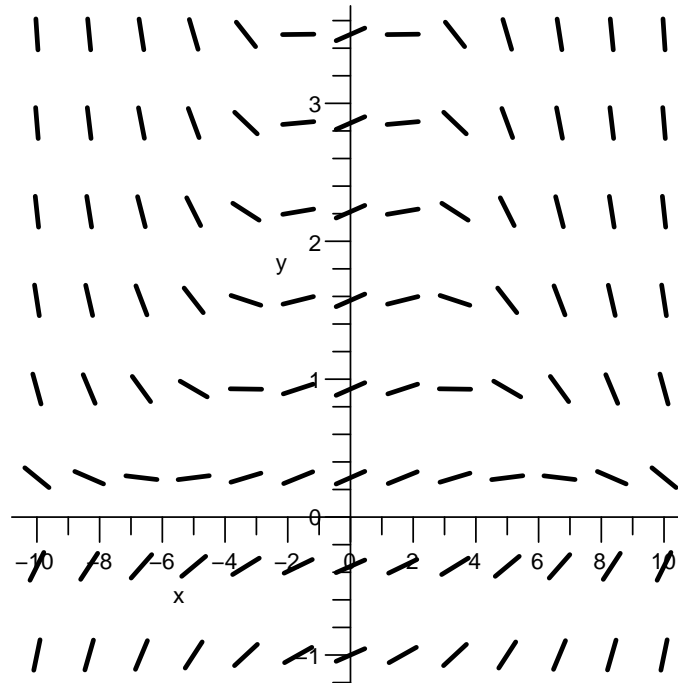


Problem statement The horizontal and vertical axes on the graph below have different scales. x goes from -10 to 10 and y goes from -1 to 3.5 . The graph is a direction field for the differential equation $y' = \frac{1}{10} (1 - \frac{1}{10}yx^2)$.



- Sketch the solution curve which passes through $(0, 1)$ on the graph above.
- How many critical points does this solution curve seem to have? What types of critical points do they seem to be? If (x_0, y_0) is a critical point, find an exact algebraic relationship between x_0 and y_0 .

Comment The equation *can't* be solved in terms of standard functions. Information from the graph and the differential equation should be used.