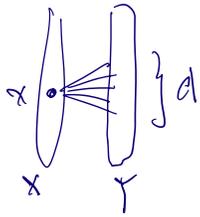


RECAP  $|S_x| = t = cd / \log d$  (C TBA)



$\sigma: Y \rightarrow \prod S_{y_i}$  u.i.d.r.

$A_x = \{S_{y_i} \in \sigma(N_x)\} \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(A_x) \leq ?$

NMA  $d_x = d, S_{y_i} = S_x \forall y_i \sim x$

• note just coupon collector

$\mathbb{E} \#$  to see all  $\sim t \ln t$  (exact:  $\sum_{i=1}^t t/i$  - why?)

ours:  $d \approx c^{-1} t \ln t \xrightarrow{\text{small } c} \mathbb{P}(A_x)$  small if  $c > 1$

RECAP

$x \in S_x \rightarrow \mathbb{P}(x \notin \sigma(N_x)) = (1 - 1/t)^d \rightarrow$

$\mathbb{P}(A_x) \leq \prod_{x \in S_x} \mathbb{P}(x \in \sigma(N_x))$   
 $= [1 - (1 - 1/t)^d]^t =: \phi$

take  $c > 1 \rightarrow e(d^2 - d + 1)\phi$  tiny ( $t$  large)  $\square$

[arith:  $(1 - 1/t)^d \approx d^{-1/c}$  ( $1 - \alpha > e^{-(\alpha + \alpha^2)}$  for small  $\alpha$ )

$\rightarrow \phi < \exp[-d^\epsilon]$

▶ What about  $\mathcal{Z}$ ? more gen'l:

$\mathcal{Z} = \{\sigma_1, \dots, \sigma_d\}$ ,  $\sigma_i$ 's indept  $\in S$ ,  $B \subseteq S$

$$\Rightarrow P(\mathcal{Z} \supseteq B) = \prod_{j \in B} P(j \in \mathcal{Z})$$

(events  $\{j \in \mathcal{Z}\}$  are negatively correlated)

• ETS  $\forall A \subseteq S \rightarrow i \in S \setminus A$

$$P(i \in \mathcal{Z} | A \subseteq \mathcal{Z}) \leq P(i \in \mathcal{Z}) \quad \star$$

[obvious? more than nec. but excuse to mention:]

▶ events  $A, B$  are

pos. corr. ( $A \uparrow B$ ) if  $P(A \cap B) \geq P(A)P(B)$

$$\Leftrightarrow P(A|B) \geq P(A) \quad (\text{if } P(B) > 0)$$

neg. corr. ( $A \downarrow B$ ) sim.

e.g. Harris: w.r.t. any prod. meas on  $\{0,1\}^n$

$$A \uparrow B \quad \forall \text{ incr. } A, B$$

e.g. (check)  $A \downarrow B \Leftrightarrow B \downarrow A \Leftrightarrow A \uparrow \bar{B}$

now let  $A = \{A \subseteq \sigma(N_x)\}$ ,  $B = \{i \in \sigma(N_x)\}$

want  $A \downarrow B$

$$\star \Leftrightarrow P(A \subseteq \mathcal{Z} | i \in \mathcal{Z}) \leq P(A \subseteq \mathcal{Z})$$

$$\Leftrightarrow P(A \subseteq \mathcal{Z} | i \notin \mathcal{Z}) \geq P(A \subseteq \mathcal{Z})$$

and this is obv.

◻

▶ Thm 1 (Alon '00):  $\forall G \chi_L(G) \geq (1/2 - o(1)) \log_2 \delta_G$

▶ Thm 2 (Saxton-Thomason '15; AS §1.6):  $\dots (1 - o(1)) \log_2 \delta_G$

⊙ will show for d-reg

⊙ as. tight ( $\leftrightarrow K_{dd}$ )

⊙  $\max \{ \chi_L(G) : \text{bip}, \Delta \leq d \} \in (\Omega(\log d), O(d/\log d))$

~~truth?~~ truth? (guess  $\approx$  l.b. ??)

Pf of Alon ⊙ warmup for S-T  
⊙ not his first try ...

given  $G, \delta_G \geq d$  ( $|V|=n$ , say)

want  $L_v$ 's of size  $t \sim \frac{1}{2} \log_2 d$  s.t.  $\nexists$  L-coll'g

Let  $t \approx \frac{1}{2} \log_2 d$  even (unimp) TBA,  $s = t^2$

$$\Gamma = \begin{bmatrix} s \\ t \end{bmatrix}$$

$L_v$  unif  $\in \binom{\Gamma}{t}$  ( $v \in V$ ) indept

show whp  $\nexists$  L-coll'g (for suitable  $t$ )

Step 1  $B \sim \text{Bin}(V, \frac{1}{|A|})$

$\frac{1}{2}$  choose  $L_v$ 's for  $v \in B$

— waiting on the rest

▶ gen'l princ = conserve randomness

$v$  good if  $\textcircled{1} v \notin B$

$\triangleright \textcircled{2} \forall T \in \binom{V}{\geq 1/2} \quad \boxed{\exists w \in B \cap N_v, L_w \subseteq B} \quad \otimes$

$A = \{ \text{good } v \text{'s} \}$

Cl. 1 whp  $\boxed{\begin{array}{l} \text{(a) } |B| < (1 + o(1)) n / \sqrt{d} \\ \text{(b) } |A| > n - o(n) \end{array}} \quad \otimes \otimes \quad \text{(more than nec.)}$

Preview: step 2: choose  $L_v$ 's for  $v \in A \rightarrow$   
need  $L$ -col'g of  $A$  compat. w same  $L$ -col'g  $\sigma$  of  $B$   
 $\stackrel{?}{\Rightarrow} \textcircled{2} \rightsquigarrow$  compat. hard  $\forall \sigma$  (why?)

Pf (a) Ex. (Chernoff)

(b)  $T$  survives at  $v$  if  $\otimes$  fails

$v \notin A \Leftrightarrow v \in B$  or some  $T$  sur. at  $v \rightarrow i$

ETS  $P(\exists T \text{ sur. at } v) = o(1)$   
 $\rightarrow$  why? ( $E|N \cap A| = o(1) + \text{Markov}$ )

$w \sim v$ :  $P(w \text{ kills } T \text{ at } v) \approx d^{-1/2} 2^{-t}$

$\otimes$  "birthday paradox"  $\frac{1}{2}$  reason for  $t^2$  (here  $\frac{1}{2}$  below  $\rightarrow$  common)  
Ex:  $2^{-t}$  overest. by  $\sim \sqrt{t}$

$\rightarrow P(T \text{ sur. at } v) \approx (1 - d^{-1/2} 2^{-t})^{\textcircled{d}v} \geq d$   
 $< \exp[-\sqrt{d} 2^{-t}]$

$\rightarrow P(\exists T \text{ sur at } v) < 2^{t^2} \exp[-\sqrt{d} 2^{-t}]$

$= o(1)$  if  $t \in \lfloor \frac{1}{2} \log_2 d - 2 \log_2 \log_2 d \rfloor$

$\rightarrow$  DO THIS

$\square$

→ NMA ~~⊗~~

Step 2 (lists for A)

Cl. 2 (Given ~~⊗~~) whp.  $\#$  L-coloring of  $G[A, B]$   $= \# H$

Pf given  $\iota$ -map  $\sigma: B \rightarrow A$ , let

$$Q_\sigma = \{ \exists \text{ L-col'g } \tau \text{ of } H \text{ w } \tau|_B = \sigma \}$$

$$\rightarrow \{ \exists \text{ L-col. of } H \} = \cup Q_\sigma$$

SHOW:  $\sum \mathbb{P}(Q_\sigma) = o(1)$

(→ ~~⊗~~)